

GREAT DOUBT CAN'T CONFORM TO STAND TAKEN BY HIS SUPERIOR

Chief Executive Regrets Retirement of Premier But Insists Position Regarding Submarine Raiding Must Be Sustained

COUNSELOR LANSING IS ACTING SECRETARY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, June 9. — Disagreeing with the policy of President Wilson in regard to the attitude to be assumed towards Germany over the sinking of the liner Lusitania and other violations of the rules of war by the German submarines, William Jennings Bryan, secretary of state, yesterday tendered his third letter of resignation within three weeks. The third tender of his resignation has been accepted and from today Secretary Bryan becomes a private citizen again.

In presenting his resignation, Secretary Bryan wrote: "The issues involved in the policy you have decided to adopt are of such moment that for me to remain as a member of your cabinet would be as unfair to you as it would be to the cause which is nearest my heart, the cause of the preservation of peace."

PRELIMINARY REGRETS ACTION

In his letter accepting Mr. Bryan's resignation, the President says: "I accept your resignation only because you insist upon my accepting it. I accept it with much more than a deep regret, with a feeling of personal sorrow."

We are not separated in the object we seek, but only in the method by which we seek it. We shall continue to work for the same cause, even though we each do our work in our own way."

Following the announcement from the White House of the resignation of the secretary of state came a statement that Robert Lansing, counselor of the state department, will become secretary ad interim.

LANSING MAY SUCCEED

It is regarded as altogether probable that Mr. Lansing will be asked to enter the cabinet as secretary of state and that his ad interim status will be of short duration.

Mr. Lansing is an authority on international law and has represented the government in the settlement of a number of international questions. He has been associated with the state department as a counselor, succeeding John Bassett Moore, who resigned through inability to agree with Secretary Bryan's Mexican policy.

In the drafting of the first note of protest sent to Berlin following the sinking of the Lusitania, on May 13, the first radical disagreement in the cabinet, between the secretary of state and the President, was intimated, since which time Bryan has twice offered to resign, in each instance being persuaded to reconsider his determination.

EFFECT OF RESIGNATION

The rupture between the President and the secretary and the correspondence in connection with it which has been made public, intensifies the impression that the President will take the strongest possible grounds in his dealing with the German American situation. Many interpretations as to the effect of Bryan's resignation upon the international situation are offered, but the general belief is that it will be the American policy now to assert that the United States intends to defend her full rights in any event and is determined to enforce upon Germany the demands made in the original note of protest, which declares that the United States expects from Germany a declaration that the sinking of unarmed, unarmored merchant shipping would cease.

BERLIN MAY DEFEY WILSON

A sinister hint of the attitude to be taken by Berlin is conveyed in word which has reached here from Shanghai, China, which states that the refugees there from Tsingtao, numbering upwards of a hundred have been notified from Berlin to remain where they are and not to attempt to return to Germany by way of the United States. The instruction sent the refugees is to remain indefinitely in Shanghai.

It is the general impression here that the severance of diplomatic relations will follow immediately should the reply of Berlin to the note to be transmitted today prove unsatisfactory. Such a breaking off of diplomatic relations will not necessarily mean war with Germany, but it is admitted that much graver complications would follow if any further attacks be made upon Americans, such as the affair of the Gulfstir or the Nebraska, or if American lives are lost in any continuance of the German submarine warfare upon unarmed merchantmen.

TEUTONICS ARE UNEASY

In Austro-German quarters here, the resignation of Bryan for the reason announced has caused a decidedly uneasy feeling.

Yesterday it was announced that the department of justice had conducted a searching inquiry into the circumstances surrounding the sailing of the Lusitania and had reached a conclusion that no

SUGAR PLANTERS OF HAWAII GETTING RICH, SAYS PINKHAM

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9. — Governor Pinkham of Hawaii, who arrived here yesterday, gave out a statement to the press regarding industrial conditions in the Islands in view of the coming into force within ten or eleven months of the free sugar clause of the tariff.

"I do not see what the sugar planters of Hawaii have to complain of," he said, in part.

"Sugar is today selling at a high price and the owners of Hawaiian sugar stocks are making more money than they know what to do with."

WOMEN CONDEMN 'HOUNDING' WILSON

Members of National Suffrage Association Object To Attack On Democratic Leaders

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

CHICAGO, June 8. — The National Woman Suffrage Association, in convention here, strongly condemned last night by resolution the recent decision of the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage to "hound the President" and attack Democratic candidates and Democratic leaders at every opportunity.

On May 25 notice was served upon President Wilson by the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage that he would be hounded by suffragists every time he leaves Washington and stops for any length of time in any city where the Congressional Union is organized.

'Hounding' Latest Strategy

The game of "hounding the President" is the latest development in the national suffrage fight, and while it is indorsed by the women of the union, it is bitterly denounced by the opposing suffrage organization.

The Eastern suffragists are divided into two organizations, and the union appears to be the militant organization. It was the union which last fall conceived the idea of sending workers into every State where Democratic senators and representatives were seeking reelection, in the hope of defeating the Democrats, because the union held that party responsible for the defeat of the suffrage referendum in Congress.

'Stick' at White House

Only a few weeks ago the union sent two of its members to the White House with orders to "see the President and present their case for national enfranchisement." The President, several times, has received these women, and he has repeatedly declared his belief that the suffrage question should be settled by the States rather than by constitutional amendment.

Nevertheless, these two women went to the White House with the announced intention of "sticking until they saw the President" and presented their case. And "stick" they did; they haunted the White House offices for two days and never got near the President. The union had exploited their White House siege in the newspapers before sending their women to the White House.

Waylaid in New York

A few days later, when the President went to New York to review the fleet, the New York branch of the union undertook to reach him through some of their delegates, on the same mission. The New York women also failed to reach the President.

Yesterday's resolution by the members of the national association marks the opening of a bitter internal fight over methods among the suffrage workers.

Justification whatever exists for the German claim that the liner was armed. Secretary Bryan's resignation was announced last night from the White House at six o'clock, following a protracted cabinet meeting in the afternoon. At this meeting the revised note to Germany was discussed and the phraseology approved of.

NOTE READY TO CABLE

Following the cabinet meeting, Secretary Tamm, speaking for the President, said that the note would be dispatched to Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, today. No intimation of the text of the note will be given out until after it has been read by Ambassador Gerard to Minister von Jagow, the German foreign minister. It is known, however, that the note is direct and explicit and such that only a direct reply to the demands made can be returned.

Following the cabinet meeting, Secretary Bryan entertained some friends at the University Club, then went to his office, where he remained secluded for some time.

CAN YOU AFFORD THE RISK?

Were you ever seized with a severe attack of cramp colic or diarrhoea without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house? Don't take such risks. A dose or two will cure you before a doctor could be called, and it never fails even in the most severe and dangerous cases. For sale by all dealers, J. H. Watson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

RUSSO-CHINESE TREATY SIGNED

President Yuan and Czar Settle Differences With Reference To Outer Mongolia

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, June 8. — The United States has been officially informed that a new Russo-Chinese treaty has been signed by the representative of Czar Nicholas and a representative of the Chinese government, who met at Khabarovsk, Siberia, and agreed upon the terms.

This treaty establishes the status of Outer Mongolia, over which China will continue to exercise a nominal suzerainty.

Both Russia and China agree not to interfere internationally with Inner Mongolia, which is to remain under Japanese influence.

The new treaty clears up a number of the questions that have been in dispute between China and Russia regarding trade with Outer Mongolia, customs rights and police jurisdiction and will result in a better understanding between the two governments.

The status of Inner Mongolia has been fixed by the treaty just signed between Japan and China, the clauses of which respecting Manchuria and Inner Mongolia, as officially announced by Baron Kato, the Japanese minister of foreign affairs, are:

1. Extension of the lease of Port Arthur and Dairen, and those of the South Manchurian and Antung-Mukden Railways to a period of ninety-nine years respectively.

2. Japanese subjects to be permitted to lease or own land necessary either for erecting buildings of various kinds for commercial use or for agricultural purposes.

3. Japanese subjects to be permitted to reside, travel, and carry on business of various kinds, commercial, industrial, or otherwise.

4. Japanese subjects to be granted the mining rights of certain specified mines.

5. The consent of the Imperial Government to be obtained in advance when China proposes to grant a railway concession to subjects of a third power or to procure a supply of capital from a third power for the construction of a railway or to raise a loan from such power on security of duties or taxes.

6. The Imperial Government to be consulted before engaging advisers or instructors regarding political, financial or military matters.

7. The management and control of the Kirin-Changchun Railway to be transferred to Japan for a term of ninety-nine years.

TREATIES WITH CHINA SIGNED BY JAPANESE

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

TOKIO, Japan, June 7. — The emperor and the privy council have approved the new Chinese treaties.

EMBASSIES FOR CHINA

(Special to Nippu Jiji.)

TOKIO, June 6. — That China will establish embassies at the capitals of Japan, United States, England, France, Germany and Russia is the substance of an unconfirmed report from Peking today. Japan has given her consent for China to create the office of ambassador to the powers in place of the present minister. It is not known what attitude the nations in question and particularly England will take in the diplomatic arrangement.

ANNAPOLIS MIDDIES DESPERATE 'CHEATS'

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

ANNAPOLIS, June 8. — The faculty of the Naval Academy believes the seven middies accused of cheating in examinations were desperate enough to attempt burglary, in their effort to get advance information of the questions to be asked. Rear Admiral Pullam testified today at the inquiry into the case that there were grounds for thinking the accused had tried to force an entrance into the offices of department heads.

TYPHOID FEVER RAVAGES TURKS IN ASIA MINOR

Seventy-five Physicians Succumb And Army Hospital Corps Breaks Down

CONSTANTINOPLE GLOOMY, WATER SUPPLY CUT DOWN

Not Enough Grain To Keep Flour Mills On Full Time and Coal Runs Short

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, June 8. — Typhoid fever is raging among the Turkish troops and the civilian population of Asia Minor, says an Athens despatch to the Reuters Telegram Company.

The Turkish medical corps has broken down and cannot handle the situation. Seventy-five physicians, it is reported, have succumbed to the epidemic which they sought to suppress.

Conditions in Constantinople continue to grow more gloomy. From fear of infection, the water works system has suspended and the city is on a restricted allowance, drawn from inefficient local sources.

The output of the flour mills has fallen on below par, owing to the difficulty in obtaining grain, and there is a shortage of coal.

From Odessa comes word that the American built and Turkish owned steamer Medjidieh, which struck a mine and was sunk near Odessa last April, has been raised by Russian salvage workers, and towed into Odessa for repairs.

A despatch to the Daily Telegraph reports that an air raid by the Allies naval base of the Turks in the harbor of Gallipoli.

Berlin sent out a report from Constantinople yesterday that the Turks had won a great victory at Sedid-Bahr, where the English left thousands of dead on the field.

CONGRESSMEN ARE IN NAVY SCANDAL

Annapolis 'Educators' Say They Are Shielding Ringleader Of Academy Cheats

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

ANNAPOLIS, June 9. — Rear Admiral William F. Pullam, superintendent of the naval academy, and Commander Frederick A. Trout, instructor of languages at the academy, testified yesterday before the board of inquiry investigating the efforts of several midshipmen to obtain advance information as to the questions to be asked at the regular examination.

Admiral Pullam stated that Midshipman James M. Smith is primarily responsible for the examination scandal, despite which he is being supported in his plea for clemency by two United States senators and a representative in Congress. If such favors are permitted to control at the naval academy, he declared, discipline is impossible.

Commander Trout testified that he prepared his examination papers in the regular way, but discovered that the papers had been disturbed. Later he discovered that attempts had been made to force open the desk in which he had placed the examination papers.

FIVE MORE VESSELS SUNK BY SUBMARINES

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, June 8. — Submarine losses yesterday were two Norwegian steamers, one Norwegian bark, one Belgian steamer and a British trawler.

The Belgian steamer Menapier went down with the captain, his wife, his daughter, the pilot, mate and a crew of twelve.

The Norwegian vessels sunk were the steamers Trondhjem and Glitterlid and the bark Suorbr. No loss of life was reported. The lost trawler was the Pentland, the crew of which also was saved.

IRISH OPPOSE CONSCRIPTION

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, June 8. — Irish Nationalists, led by John Redmond, are opposed to conscription, which the government is prepared to urge. The party put it self on record in resolutions last night. With Home Rule in sight, Redmond has been loyal to the empire, but he does not wish to put too strong a strain on his followers. Many of them have volunteered, but others would not approve of drafting Irishmen whose support is on a passive.

GERMAN BASE BOMBARDED

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

AMSTERDAM, June 8. — Heavy damage is reported to have been inflicted by British aviators on the German base of supplies at Ghent.

GREATEST WHEAT HARVEST COMING

Yield In United States This Fall Largest In World's History

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, June 9. — The great wheat harvest in the world's history will be garnered in the United States this fall, if the forecast of the department of agriculture, based on the reports of its investigators through out the Union, is realized. The forecast, issued yesterday, announces that from crop indications the yield for the United States this fall will be one billion bushels.

The prospective demand for wheat products from Europe, this winter, with the practical reality of a good price, has induced the farmers of the United States to sow the largest acreage in the history of the country, while the prospects are for a large return per acre. Of full wheat there is now growing in the United States 49,169,000 acres, while 19,450,000 acres have been put into spring wheat.

In 1914, from a total acreage sown of 53,541,000, the wheat crop amounted to 2,910,175,000 bushels, the greatest production in the history of the country by more than a hundred million bushels.

KING OF GREECE STILL IMPROVES

Government At Berlin Is Showing Deep Interest In Condition of Constantine

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, June 9. — Athens despatches to the news agencies here agree this morning that King Constantine continues to show improvement and quote his physician, Prof. Friedrich Kraus of Berlin as predicting that, if he has no set back, it will be safe in a day or two to pronounce him out of danger. The royal patient has pleurisy.

The greatest interest in the king's recovery has been felt at Berlin, where it is realized that his influence has been responsible for keeping Greece out of the war.

Professor Kraus, one of the foremost specialists in the world, was already familiar with the king's constitutional isosyncrasies from having treated him on former occasions. The professor was sent to Athens via Vienna, Bucharest and Dedeagatch, where a Greek torpedo boat destroyer awaited him.

Crown Prince George, who will succeed the king, is very close to former Premier Venizelos, who resigned last March because King Constantine did not approve of his warlike policy and his partiality to the cause of the Allies.

BRITISH MARKETMEN HELP TURN OUT WAR MUNITIONS

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, June 8. — In response to the appeals of David Lloyd-George, the new minister of munitions, 3000 men employed in the Smithfield meat markets agreed yesterday to work four hours a day overtime to help the government turn out munitions of war with greater speed.

REAR-ADMIRAL MAYO NOW VICE ADMIRAL

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, June 8. — Rear-Admiral Henry T. Mayo, commanding the first division of the Atlantic fleet, has been designated as vice-admiral, the first officer to be raised to the rank provided by the last congress.

ITALIAN CAMPAIGN HIDDEN BY RIGOROUS CENSORSHIP?

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

ROME, June 8. — Operations of the Italian armies across the Austrian frontier are screened by a strict censorship. Such details as are permitted to transpire indicate that a great battle is developing along the Isonzo River, while portions of the Italian armies have crossed into Carinthia.

VICTORIA CROSS GIVEN TO CANADIAN AVIATOR

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, June 7. — Lieutenant Warneford, the Canadian aviator who pursued a German Zeppelin between Ghent and Brussels and after a battle in the air destroyed it, has been given the Victoria Cross.

LUSITANIA INQUIRY JUNE 15

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, June 8. — A formal inquiry into the loss of the Lusitania, sunk by a German submarine with a falling loss of life, will begin June 15 by a joint board composed of members of the admiralty and the naval staff. Lord Mersey, who presided at the inquiry into the loss of the Empress of Ireland, sunk last year in collision, will be chairman of the board.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES HEAVY

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

OTTAWA, June 8. — Total casualties since the Canadian contingents joined the British expeditionary force were gazetted here yesterday as 8018, of these 1213 are dead, 5320 are wounded, and 1565 are listed as missing.

MORE DISORDERS OCCUR IN JAPAN

Bitter Attack Is Made In House Of Representatives Upon Cabinet

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

TOKIO, Japan, June 7. — Further scenes of disorder were witnessed today in the House of Representatives, due to the fight made on the government because of its course in the Chinese negotiations.

The Opposition members in the house nearly resorted to physical violence. The house rejected the resolution attacking the cabinet. The members of the Seiyun party protested against Speaker Shimada's rulings and the members of the party rushed the speaker's chair, brought on a scene of great disorder and finally departed in a body, ignoring the guards who tried to stop them.

The Kokuminto party members remained in the hall, but declined to vote.

A speech charging interference with the election on the part of cabinet members started the commotion.

An official "hook," reviewing the course of the negotiations with China, was made public today.

VILLA FORCES TAKE TUXPAN STRONGHOLD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

WASHINGTON, June 7. — The United States Consul Silliman of Saltillo, Coahuila, Mexico, has sent a message here that the Villa forces have captured Tuxpan. He says that S. P. Jones was killed and Thomas Malard, his wife and baby and A. T. Graves, English, were wounded.

General Obregon's victory at Leon appears confirmed. There is a rumor that General Obregon has lost his arm.

The Carranza agency estimates that General Villa's losses at Leon in dead wounded and captured are 10,000. General Obregon has sent a message that he has established headquarters at Leon. It is expected that General Gonzales will enter Mexico City at the end of the week.

HAWAII POPULATION IS GIVEN AT 215,675

Directory of Honolulu For 1915 Estimates That 67,010 Persons Live In City

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

Advance copies of the Honolulu Directory for 1915 will be issued today by R. W. Robinson, local superintendent for the Polk-Husted Company, the publishers. Delivery of the new issue of the directory will be made from today on, as rapidly as the books can be turned out by The Advertiser bindery, at the rate of some hundreds a day.

In the preface to the new volume, Mr. Robinson estimates that the population today of Oahu, exclusive of the enlisted men of the Army and Navy here, is 95,164, of whom 67,010 reside in Honolulu. The population of the Territory, the publisher estimates at 215,675. The gain in the population of Honolulu during the year is represented by the nineteen additional pages required in the Directory for the listing of the names and addresses.

"The 1915 directory is an excellent sample of the good printing and book work that can be done in Honolulu," said Mr. Robinson yesterday, exhibiting one of the first copies. "I am not afraid to have the Honolulu Directory compared in any way with the directories of any mainland city."

In the preface, attention is called to the excellent directory library which the Polk-Husted people have contributed to the rooms of the promotion committee. By exchange with other directory publishers, The Polk-Husted Company has secured for the use of Honoluluans the directories of very many of the mainland cities a reference library which is proving most useful to many Honoluluans in many ways.

SOLDIER SAVES LITTLE GIRL FROM DROWNING

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

Yesterday afternoon three-year-old Roscoe Fraser wandered into the beach between the Moana Hotel and the Outrigger Club's grounds and got out of her depth. Her cries attracted the attention of Private Eugene A. Baker, 29th Company, C. A. C., Fort Rye, who plunged into the water in his uniform and rescued the little girl.

A complete revised list of former Annapolis students will be published and reprinted at the time of the seventy-fifth anniversary of Oahu College. It has well have been ten years since the last such list was prepared. A committee, composed of A. C. Alexander as chairman, Miss Agnes Judd and Mrs. Florence McIntyre, has undertaken to prepare this list and see to its publication. This will mean that the occupations and present addresses of more than 3000 former Annapolis students will have to be obtained by the committee.

RUSSIA HALTS TEUTON DRIVE: NEW SUPPLIES STIFFEN LINE

Rush For Lemberg Checked By Strong Counter Offensive Along Great Front and German Allies Falling Back On Defensive

LANDING PARTY THRUST BACK ON SHORES OF RIGA

Attempt To Put German Troops Ashore Under Guns of Baltic Cruisers Transferred To Baltic Sea Frustrated By Czar's Men

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)

LONDON, June 9. — The great battle which has been raging in Galicia is apparently far from being the decisive victory for the Austro-German forces that recent reports have indicated. Although the Teutonic Allies maintained the offensive until they crossed the Dniester River south of Lemberg, their drive appears to have become exhausted and they are now on the defensive.

Russians Take Offensive

The Russians, from falling back persistently, first took up a strong defensive position, against which the Austro-Germans dashed their regiments vainly. Then the Russians assumed the offensive and the Austro-Germans, on their part, are now falling back to defensive positions.

The Slavs appear to have begun a strong counter attack along a great front, the supposition being that they have received reinforcements and fresh supplies of munitions. Despatches state that many of the Russians who surrendered to the Austrians during the past three weeks fired their last cartridge before throwing down their arms.

Landing Party Thrust Back

In the north, according to a Petrograd despatch, an attempt on the part of the Germans to effect a landing at Windau, on the Gulf of Riga, under the guns of the German battle cruiser fleet, has been frustrated, the landing party being driven off.

KOREAN KILLED BY AUTOMOBILE

Car Driven By Miss Eleanor Holt Struck Pedestrian With Fatal Effect

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

Kim On Tel, a Korean man, was knocked down and killed late last night by an automobile driven by Miss Eleanor Holt.

The accident took place in King street, opposite the Ipalet road. Staggering right in front of the car which was going in an Ewa direction, came the Korean, who is said to have been under the influence of liquor.

The man was struck squarely and did not move after hitting the ground. He was driven to the Queen's Hospital on a private machine and died shortly after being received.

Three ribs on one side and one on the other were broken and the man's head was also injured.

In the car beside the driver were Gertrude Holt, William Desha, Jack Desha, James L. Holt and Mrs. Louisa Kokumano.

No blame is attached to Miss Eleanor Holt, who was driving, it is said, on the right side of the road and at a legitimate rate of speed.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO